

Supplementary Table S1. Definition of covariates.

Covariates	Description
Age	As a continuous variable, age was categorized into two groups for subgroup analysis: <35 years and ≥ 35 years.
Race	Race was reported as Mexican American, other Hispanic, non-Hispanic white, non-Hispanic black, or other race.
Marital status	Marital status was reported as married/living with a partner, widowed/divorced/separated, never married.
Poverty income ratio (PIR)	A ratio of family income to poverty threshold.
Smoking status	Smoking behaviors were based on whether participants had smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime.
Alcohol consumption	Alcohol use was defined as consuming at least 12 drinks of any type of alcoholic beverage in any one year.
Hypertension	Hypertension was defined based on self-reported information, either from a doctor's diagnosis or advice to take antihypertensive medication.
Diabetes	Diabetes was defined based on self-reported information, either from a doctor's diagnosis or current use of insulin or hypoglycemic medications.
Age at menarche	Age at menarche was defined as the self-reported age at first menstrual period. Age at menarche was categorized into two groups: < 13 years and ≥ 13 years.
History of uterine fibroids	Uterine fibroids were defined based on self-reported information, specifically having ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that the participant had uterine fibroids.
History of oral contraceptive pill use	History of oral contraceptive pill use was defined as self-reported ever use of oral contraceptives for any indication.